ANCIENT RITES FEATURED IN INDIAN WEDDING.

各世位在中国的全国工作中177 全国的第三人称单位的第三人称单位的企业。

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沙拉克阿斯特州亚巴斯特 1.0 BE 主中军队,科学会会心 林宇母主义 坚持的人。由此时间,在文本在心里的意思,是这些问题的是这种。

The State of Junagarh proclaimed a three-day heliday
to celebrate the wedding of the heir apparent. Indian
ceremonial which dates back many centuries marked the
proceedings. From the Palace His Highness drove in
state to the marriage pavilion. Nearly all the forty
thousand inhabitants of the state capital, also named
Junagarh, lined the route. A small regiment of carriers
was needed to bring the wedding presents, which game
from all parts of the state. By this time Europeans
would have been all agog to see the bride but the Prince's
religion ordains that she shall not be seen in public
till some days after the wedding. Some G.I husbands
reverse that procedure and dispense with the wife afterwards. But even with no bride it was quite a wedding.

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INDIAN NEWS PARADE No. 149. BURMA UNDER RECONSTRUCTION.

Near Toungoo in Central Burma, Father Tombacini, a Roman Catholic Missionary and some Indian Army Officers discuss Jans for rebuilding devastated schools. During their retreat the Japanese destroyed everything and now it is their duty of the Missionaries to help in the gigantie rehabilitation and reconstruction programme for Burma.

Burmese boys helped by priests, begin to clear the awful mess. If life in

Burma is to return to normal, schools must be rebuilt.

Brick structures cannot be built. In their place, bemboo and straw babbas are constructed. It is an art in which the Burmese excel and very soon the bashas

are ready for habitation.

A mun escorts Burmese girls to the new school house. Burmese children have almost forgotten what school is like. While the Japs ruled, no schools functioned Now after three years and a half, children from all over the country make their way to these new educational centres.

INDIAN NEWS PARADE No. 149.

A WEDDING AT JUNAGADH

Junagadh State was in festive mood. The streets were crowded with revellers, celebrating the marriage of the Heir Apparent. Wedding gifts of all kinds were taken in procession through the streets. Distinguished visitors, guests and offic ials followed the procession - and cavalry, formed the Guard of Honour, Coming out of the Palace, the bridegroom prepares for the ceremonial drive through the streets.

Led by the palace guards, the wedding procession makes it's way towards the venue of the marriage ceremony. Ins de the marriage pendal, guests of honour together with the Nawab zires of Junegack and the Resident wait for the caremony to begin. The Jam Schob of Nawanagar was present. The marriage preceedings themsleves were short and simple and the bridegroom, flanked by a Guard of Honour gets down from his/decorated chair to receive the wedding presents.

A princely wedding is based upon ancient ritual and many small ceremonies go to complete the marriage. Later, songs, and music break the stillness of the hight. Dances such as these won the applause and minning patromage of princes

who ruled many centures ago.

The guests begin to leave and bid farmell to the bridegroom. The revelries ever, the bridegroom returned to the palace. But the festivities were not yet ever ... Next day, a garden party was held. Princes, guests and courtiers mingled freely. It had been a royal wedding. Gifts had been presented to important institutions, The pr poor had been fed and clothed. And most important of all reforms had been announced.